## 1996 SMALL BUSINESS PROFILE

## SMALL BUSINESS: BACKBONE OF THE UTAH ECONOMY

The importance of small business to the state of Utah is once again evident in the 1996 Small Business Profile. The findings reported in this year's profile, compiled by the U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) Office of Advocacy, clearly indicate the crucial role small businesses play in the state's economy.

Of the **35,297** full-time business firms with employees in Utah, **96.5** percent are small businesses (independent businesses with fewer than 500 workers). In addition to the number of employer businesses, there were also **61,000** full-time self-employed persons in Utah in 1995, for a total estimated 1995 full-time business population of **96,297** firms.

**Small Business Income** - the income of sole proprietors and partners rose **10.2** percent to **\$2.2** billion in 1995, while wage-and-salary income rose **9.4** percent. Total personal income rose **8.2** percent to **\$36.4** billion. The state also exported **\$3.2** billion of goods and services in 1995.

Utah's number of women-owned businesses, including part-time firms, increased **53.1** percent from 1987 to 1992, totaling **45,626**. The number of Black-owned firms, including part-time firms, increased **75.2** percent from 1987 to 1992, totaling **354** in 1992. The number of Hispanic-owned firms, including part-time businesses, rose **82.7** percent during the same time period with **2,375** firms in 1992. There has also been a marked increase in the number of businesses owned by Asian and Pacific Islanders,

American Indians, and Alaska Natives. The number for the group grew from **1,239** in 1987, to **1,746** in 1992, representing a **40.9** percent increase.

Small businesses with fewer than 20 employees reported **14.9** percent employment growth from 1991 to 1995. These numbers clearly reflect the importance of small business firms as job creators in the state of Utah.

The composition of small business in Utah is very diverse. The **Eating and Drinking Places** industry is the largest small business employer in Utah. Other significant small business industries are, in descending order: Health Services, Business Services, Special Trade Contractors, and Wholesale Trade-Durable Goods. The fast-growing industries include Electric and Gas Services, Instrument Manufacturing, Paper Manufacturing, and Stone, Clay, and Glass Manufacturing.

The number of new business incorporations increased **4.5** percent. Business bankruptcies increased by **9.0** percent and business failures increased by **32.3** percent.

An SBA Office of Advocacy study found that Utah's top ten lenders to small businesses in 1995 were:

- 1. Mountainwest Financial
- 2. Advanta Financial Corporation
- 3. Cache Valley Bank
- 4. Bonneville Bank
- 5. Far West Bank
- 6. First Commerce Bank
- 7. Great Western T&LA
- 8. Western Community Bank
- 9. Bank of Ephraim
- 10. First Utah Bank

In sum, small businesses have a striking impact on Utah's economy. Not only do they play a vital role as job creators, but their diversity and composition provide the work force with endless opportunities.

The following three tables provide further information about the composition of the small business sector in the state. The information is for 1993, the latest year available, and was prepared for the Office of Advocacy, U.S. Small Business Administration by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The first table lists the industries that were the top five employers in the state, without regard to the size of the firm that provided the jobs. The next to last column in the table shows the percentage of persons employed in firms with fewer than 500 employees (small businesses) in those industries.

The second table lists the industries that employ the most people in firms with fewer than 500 employees. These are the top small business employing industries in the state. The "percent of total" column provides the percentage of total employment in the state accounted for by each of the industries listed.

The third table lists--for the 1991-1993 period--the fastest growing small business industries in the state. As many as five industries are shown. If fewer than 5 industries are shown, it is because 1991-1993 was a recessionary period in which there was little national employment growth. The industries listed represent those in which small businesses sustained the economy during a period of little aggregate employment growth.

Top Five Industries in Utah by Employment, 1993

	NUMBER OF	PERCENT OF	PERCENT	
INDUSTRY	JOBS	TOTAL	SMALL	RANK
Health Services	60,945	9.3	42.6	1
Business Services	52,749	8.0	43.0	2
Eating & Drinking Places	49,745	7.6	72.4	3
Wholesale Trade-durable Goods	25,487	3.9	78.2	4
Food Stores	23,518	3.6	33.4	5
TOTAL, ALL INDUSTRIES	658,331	100.0	47.9	

Top 5 Small-Business-Dominated Industries in Utah by Employment, 1993

	NOMBER OF	PERCENT OF	
INDUSTRY	JOBS	TOTAL	RANK
Eating & Drinking Places	36,000	11.4	1
Health Services	25,963	8.2	2
Business Services	22,692	7.2	3
Special Trade Contractors	20,616	6.5	4
Wholesale Trade-durable Goods	19,922	6.3	5
TOTAL, SMALL-BUSINESS-DOMINATED INDUSTRIES	315,544	100.0	

Fastest Growing Industries for Small Business in Utah, 1991 - 1993

			PERCENT	
	SMALL BUSINESS	EMPLOYMENT IN	CHANGE,	
INDUSTRY	1991	1993	1991-1993	RANK
Special Trade Contractors	17,173	20,616	20.0	1
Health Services	22,457	25,963	15.6	2
Eating & Drinking Places	31,379	36,000	14.7	3
Wholesale Trade-durable Goods	18,292	19,922	8.9	4
Business Services	21,319	22,692	6.4	5

Office of Advocacy, U.S. Small Business Administration. Based upon Census data, prepared under contract.